# AP Calculus AB

## **Instructor:**

Wendy Lynds Room 207 lyndsw@hermon.net

This course is designed to give students more than one semester of college Calculus. An understanding of limits, trigonometry and functions is necessary. An in-depth study of limits, derivatives, integrals and the applications of each will be the focus of the course. Test preparation will be the central focus in the spring. Following the AP exam, students will be exposed to extended topics in precalculus that will be beneficial to further study in mathematics. Students are expected to take the AP Exam in the spring. Optional USM credit requires a \$75 USM registration fee. The AP Exam has required College Board exam fee of approximately \$95. 1 Credit HHS (optional USM 4 credit hrs)

Graduation Standards (the number of the standard is referenced in the performance indicators listed in each unit):

- 1: Reason and model quantitatively, using units and number systems to solve problems.
- 3: Interpret, analyze, construct, and solve linear, quadratic, and trigonometric functions.

#### Unit 1 Limits

Summary Concepts of limits will be covered in detail as limits are what distinguish calculus from algebra. Students will understand the concept of a limit, be able to find limits through graphical, numerical, and algebraic techniques and explain why some limits do not exist. Limits will be used to determine continuity. Precalculus topics will be reviewed as needed.

- Performance 1F. Compute within the real number system.
  - Indicators 3C. Analyze functions using different representations.
  - Assessed 3K. Understand limits and apply to determining continuity of a function

in Unit

## Unit 2 **Derivatives & Applications**

Summary Concepts of derivatives will be covered in detail. The unit begins with using the definition of a derivative to find instantaneous rates of change. This is followed with a discussion of what it means for a function to be differentiable. Students then learn rules for differentiation and go one to find velocity and other rates of change. Derivatives of trigonometric, logarithmic, exponential and inverse trigonometric functions are learned and applied. Students learn to take derivatives of composite functions through the use of the chain rule and implicit functions through implicit differentiation. Once all derivative techniques have been learned, students begin using the derivative to determine extrema, concavity, and to graph functions. Students learn and apply the Mean Value Theorem. Modeling and optimization are emphasized as students solve min/max problems and related rate problems.

- Performance 1F. Compute within the real number system.
  - Indicators 3L. Find derivatives of functions and apply in problem solving.

Assessed

in Unit

## Unit 3 **Integrals & Applications**

Summary We begin our study of 'accumulation' through estimating with finite sums and define the definite integral as a lim of Riemann sums. We extend our knowledge of integration to antiderivatives and use the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus to connect derivatives with integrals. When given numerical data, we use trapezoidal approximations to find accurate estimates of integrals. We will explore methods of rebuilding from derivative to original functions by using slope fields and Euler's method. We perform algebraic integrations using substitution, partial fractions, and integration by parts. We look at specific applications of the derivative/integral relationship in exponential growth and decay, and logistic growth. Finally, we use integration to accumulate volumes of rotation and volumes of solids with known cross sections.

Performance 1F. Compute within the real number system.

Indicators 3D. Build a function that models a relationship between two quantities.

Assessed 3M. Find integrals of functions and apply in problem solving.

in Unit

## Unit 4 **AP Exam Preparation**

Summary Students will remove all material, units 1-3 through AP style multiple choice and free response questions. Timed practice exams and scoring with AP rubrics will be a focus of this unit.

Performance 1F. Compute within the real number system.

Indicators 3C. Analyze functions using different representations.

Assessed 3D. Build a function that models a relationship between two quantities.

in Unit 3K. Understand limits and apply to determining continuity of a function

3L. Find derivatives of functions and apply in problem solving.

3M. Find integrals of functions and apply in problem solving.

## Unit 5 **Post-Exam Studies in Precalculus**

Summary Topics in precalculus, central to Calculus II will be covered, as time allows. Potential topics: vectors, polar coordinates, series & sequences.

Performance 1F. Compute within the real number system.

Indicators

Assessed

in Unit